WASH Rapid Needs Assessment

AL-Baida governorate

April 2016
# Table of Contents

Map for the targeted places: ........................................................................................................................................... 2

Survey objective:.......................................................................................................................................................... 3

Survey mechanism: ....................................................................................................................................................... 3

Background and situation analysis: .............................................................................................................................. 4

Coordination Meetings with official governmental officers: ....................................................................................... 4

Key informative interview: ............................................................................................................................................. 5

Coordination Meetings with official governmental officers: ....................................................................................... 5

Team Orientation: .......................................................................................................................................................... 6

Team names: .................................................................................................................................................................. 6

Team Selection: ............................................................................................................................................................. 6

Interventions priorities: .................................................................................................................................................. 7----9

Recommendations: ......................................................................................................................................................... 10
The map shows the targeted districts Rada'a and Al-Baidha city in Al-baidha Governorate.
Survey objective:

To evaluate the needs of the vulnerable IDPs and host community in Rada’a governorate and Al-Baidha city as a result of the conflict that running through in all the governorates of Yemen. Assist the water projects in Rada’a governorate and Albaidha city in order to rehabilitate it for the purpose of re-operation. Visit the health units in both governorate of Rada'a and Al-Baidha city and make the assessment for the WASH facilities in the health units.

Survey mechanism:

NFDHR team visited the community in both districts of Rada'a and Al-Baidha city in Al-Baidh governorate. The team used many tool such as.
- FGD, the teams have done FGD with all community category and put in consideration the gender sensitive.
- Questionnaires with the community leaders and IDPs marginalized and poor people in order to know the similarity of the needs mentioned. The team did the questionnaires with different people with different ages for the purpose to know needs of every category.

Focus Group discussion photos
Background & Situation Analysis

In April, 2016, NFDHR has conducted Needs Assessment in Al Bayda and Rada’a districts of Al Bayda governorate. Al Bayda governorate has been identified as one of the most priority governorate that is need for emergency WASH interventions on the last cluster meeting (First standard allocation 2016). According to NFDHR needs assessment, the specific needs of IDPs are safe drinking water, sanitation and hygiene. In the two districts, IDPs are living with CAHCs. The assessment reported priority needs are for safe drinking water as well as hygiene and sanitation. Access to water is a pressing issue felt equally by IDPs and Host Communities (HCs). With lack of access to hygiene kits and sanitation. According to the needs assessment report, 3100 IDPs HHs and 8320 CAHCs are in need for WASH intervention in Al Bayda and Rada’a districts of Al Bayda governorate. Most of IDPs in the two districts are living in old buildings or hosted by the community with lack of safe drinking water, latrines, suffering from Diarrhea due to unhygienic practice, Women, girls and boys have to walk miles to get water from unsafe place. Vulnerable IDPs are in need for latrines as a high priority according to needs assessment results, Four water projects (of LWC) are out of service and need to be rehabilitated with a provision of diesel. LWC is unable to bear the cost of rehabilitation.

Based on the results of the needs assessment conducted, NFDHR has identified WASH intervention as a high priority in Al Bayda and Rada’a districts of the Albayda governorate
Key informative interview

- A total of (10) interview was conducted with key informative, (4) of them with governmental staff Khaled Alhebsi executive unit coordinator in Al-Baidha, Ahmed Aloqad local council in Rada'a, Sadiq Alqathi local council in Albaitha city and Issam Henaiber local water cooperation manager.

- The rest were conducted with the local community, religions leader, men, and health unit managers and educational office in the mentioned district.

Focus Group discussion:

- Focus Group Discussions (FGDs) were of individuals men only from the local community at Rada’a and Albaidha city district. (9) FGDs were held in total, each of which consisted of 8-15 participants. Sites for FGDs were identified in consultation with local community elders; normal people were consulted and participate in the meeting arrangement which was conducted by our team.

- The assessment team also made systematic observations (observed against pre-defined criteria) to assess the availability and accessibility to services and general hygiene conditions and living conditions in host communities.

Coordination Meetings with official governmental officers

- One part of the survey was to conduct meetings with key stakeholders in the target district. The basic purpose of coordination meetings was to share NFDHR needs assessment plan, assess existing gaps and levels of interventions, and obtain access to the relevant information and sites. In this regard, coordination meetings were held with district local council and health offices managers.
Team Selection
- The assessment team consists of two groups (3) in each group, this team had used qualitative research methods, particularly key informant interviews, focus groups and visited the targeted area.

Team names:-

1. Eng. Amin Shihari – WASH project coordinator
5. Basheer Alhayee – Food security officer

Team Orientation

Short training on the Rapid Need Assessment (RNA) session was conducted for teams members prior to embarking on fieldwork. During the orientation, team leaders:
- Reviewed the processes and procedures by which questionnaires would be conducted and also set targets for data collection.
- Designated team members with specific roles and responsibilities in effort to facilitate an efficient and comprehensive assessment
- Determined mechanisms to facilitate coordination meetings with key stakeholders, with a particular focus on the engagement of community health workers, community members and community leaders.
- Discussed inclusion criteria with teams members and agreed upon a timeline to complement the assessment plan.
Interventions priorities:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>District</th>
<th>Needs</th>
<th>Needs justification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Al-Baidha</td>
<td>Water</td>
<td>- There is no water in Al-Baidha city and the water projects needs rehabilitation. Both IDPs and host community bring water by trucks. The nearest well is about 5 km far away.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Al-Baidha</td>
<td>Temporary Zink latrines</td>
<td>There is open defecation in some areas and there are high percentage of diarrhea in the place as a result of the open defecation.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

IDPs Places in the district of Al-Baidha city.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NO</th>
<th>District</th>
<th>Needs</th>
<th>Needs Justification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Rada’a</td>
<td>Water trucking</td>
<td>IDPs in the camps do not have access to water. The water sources are far away according to sphere guideline.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Rada’a</td>
<td>Providing water tanks to some point and installation of water points.</td>
<td>Installation of water tanks in the IDPs camps to provide them with drinking water.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Rada’a</td>
<td>Cleaning campaigns</td>
<td>Cleaning fund cannot clean the off the trash out of the district.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Rada’a</td>
<td>Temporary Zink Latrines</td>
<td>IDPs do not have access to the safe and private sanitation in the camp. Women and girls can not defecate during the day but night.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Rada’a</td>
<td>HKs distribution</td>
<td>Children have skin inflammation due the dust and non-good hygiene practice</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Rada’a</td>
<td>WFs distribution</td>
<td>There are some IDPs have access to contaminated water so we have to distribute water filter to treat the water contamination. The type of the contaminated water can be treated through water filters.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Rada’a</td>
<td>Awareness session</td>
<td>To support the IDPs and host community to have good hygiene practices. To aware the people about the proper ways of getting off the diseases related to the water, hygiene and sanitation.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
IDPS locations in Rada'a governorate
**Recommendations:**

Through our observation for the IDPs which caused by the conflict we do suggest that NFDHR shall move immediately without hesitation to support these people by the following:

1. Installation of water points.
2. Water Trucking.
3. Installation of temporary latrines.
5. Basic Hygiene kits distribution.
6. Consumable hygiene kits distribution.